

World History



End of Course (EOC) Exam Review

Renaissance & Reformation/Exploration



1. From where did the intellectual & cultural movement known as humanism arise?
 - **Classical Greek & Roman Culture**
2. For what is the Medici family famous?
 - **Being rulers, supporters of the arts and wealthy**
3. To what did the Council of Trent agree?
 - **Indulgences are legal (\$ for sin forgiveness)**
 - **Church's interpretation of the bible is final**
4. The study of classical texts caused humanists to focus on what subjects.
 - **Human potential & achievement**
5. What type of person best represented the "Renaissance Man"
 - **One who excelled in many areas (over-achiever)**

Renaissance & Reformation/Exploration



6. Explain how Italy's location helped it to become the birthplace of the Renaissance.
 - **It had access to Roman ruins & the ancient manuscripts from Constantinople**
7. Explain the importance of the invention of the printing press.
 - **Increased literacy & improved vernacular (language)**
8. Name the European country that was the leader in developing & applying 15th century sailing innovations.
 - **Portugal**
9. Explain China's official trade policy during the 1500s.
 - **Only the government can trade with foreign countries.**
10. According to the policy of mercantilism, how could a nation increase its wealth?
 - **Sell more goods than it buys**

Revolutions



1. Describe the heliocentric theory & identify who proposed it.
 - **Sun is center of universe - Copernicus**
2. Describe Newton's Laws of Universal Gravitation.
 - **All objects have a gravitational pull**
 - **Gravitational pull is determined by an individual/objects mass**
3. In general, in what do the philosophes believe?
 - **Progress for society**
4. What did the heliocentric theory challenge?
 - **Geocentric theory**
5. Describe what happened on July 14, Bastille Day.
 - **A French mob stormed a prison (castle) looking for munitions.**
 - **First successful action of French Revolution**

Revolutions



6. What issue led to the first meeting of the Estates-General in 175 years?
 - **Proposed taxation of the Second Estate (Nobles)**
7. Identify 3 reasons why Napoleon sold the Louisiana Territory to the U.S.
 - **Raise money to fight a war in Europe**
 - **Cut his losses in America**
 - **Increase U.S.'s power as a British rival**
8. What was the primary goal of the Congress of Vienna?
 - **Establish a balance of power between European Countries**

Industrial Revolution



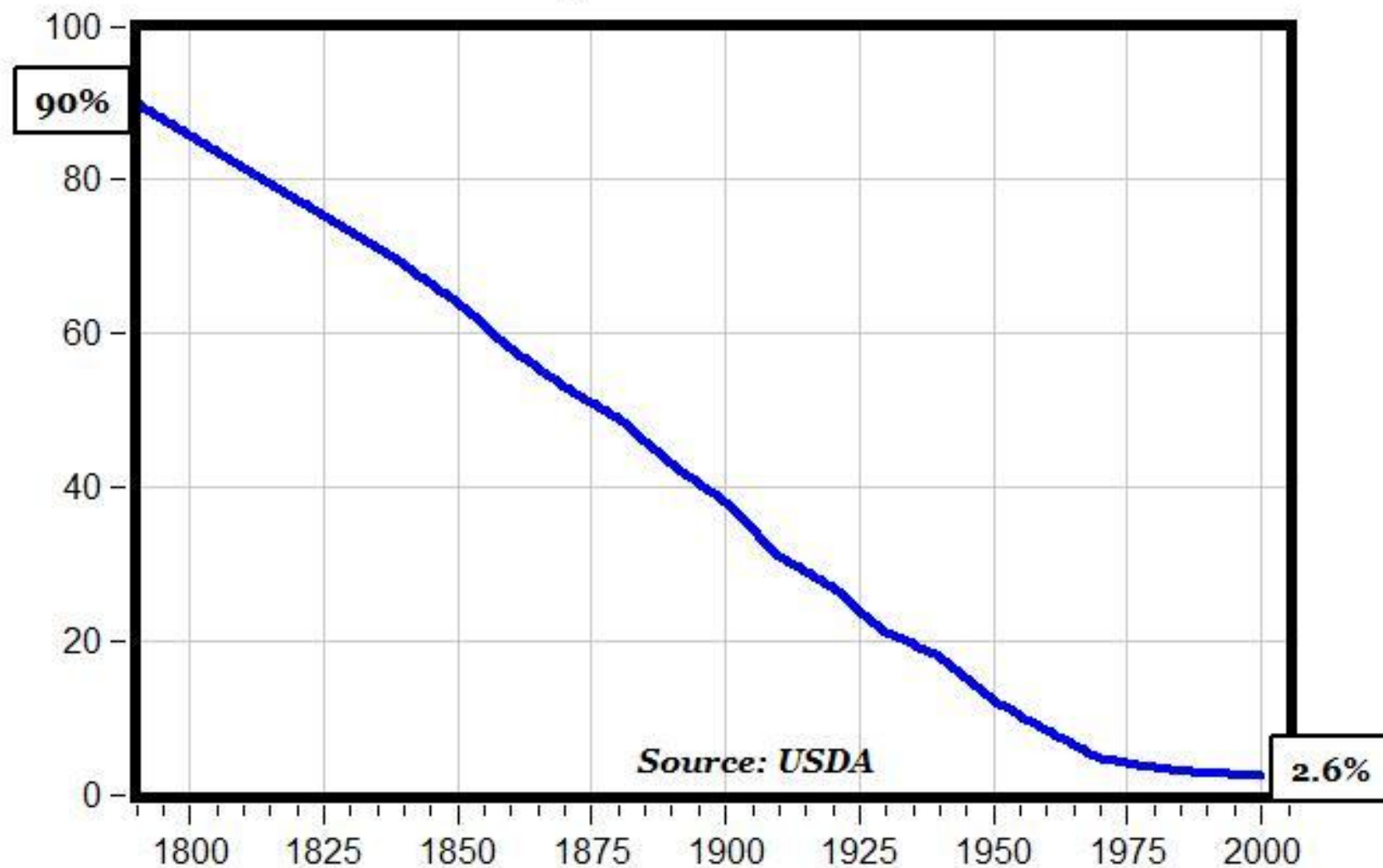
1. How did the crop rotation system that developed in Britain during the agricultural revolution increase crop yields?
 - **Increased the nutrients in the soil to be replenished**
2. What does utilitarianism believe that government policies should promote?
 - **Greatest good for the greatest number of people**
3. What area in England was first to undergo major industrialization?
 - **Textile production (spinning jenny & cotton gin)**
4. What is Karl Marx most closely associated with?
 - **Communism**

Industrial Revolution



5. Name & describe the three factors of production required to drive the industrial revolution.
 - **Land - for natural resources**
 - **Capital - money to invest in ideas/new technology**
 - **Labor - population boom to provide workers**
6. Explain how the Agricultural Revolution paved the way for the Industrial Revolution.
 - **Increased food supplies**
 - **Led to population growth**
 - **Caused farmers to lose land & seek other work**
7. What did 19th century socialists argue that government should do?
 - **Actively plan the economy**

Farm Jobs, % of Total U.S. Jobs 1790 to 2000



Imperialism



1. What is the goal of direct control?
 - **Assimilation**
2. Describe why India is referred to as Britain's "Jewel in the Crown."
 - **It was the most valuable of all of Britain's colonies**
3. Analyze the main reason for the Crimean War.
 - **Russia wanted land on the Black Sea to gain access to the Mediterranean Sea.**

Commonwealth of Independent States



Imperialism



4. What happened as a result of the Berlin Conference of 1884 – 1885?
 - **European countries divided Africa into colonies w/o consulting African leaders**
5. Explain why western nations desired lands in the Pacific Rim.
 - **Because of their natural resources & strategic location or Geopolitics**
6. What is the policy of glorifying power & keeping an army prepared for war?
 - **Militarism**

World War I



1. What event in Sarajevo, Serbia ignited the Great War?
 - **Assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand & his wife Sophia**
2. Describe the Schlieffen Plan that Germany created to prepare for war in Europe.
 - **Attack & defeat France first, then attack Russia**
3. What action on November 11, 1918 brought WWI to an end?
 - **An armistice was signed (Armistice Day)**

WHOLE COUNTRY GOES WILD WITH JOY OVER NEWS OF PEACE

WAR OVER

The Evening World FIRST
Published the News of
The War's End To-Day

The Evening World.

FINAL
EDITION

PRICE TWO CENTS

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1918.

50 PAGES

PRICE TWO CENTS

**The 11th Hour of the 11th Day of the 11th Month
Is a Time to Remember Peace**

World War I



4. Who was forced to assume sole responsibility for the war under the Treaty of Versailles?
 - **Germany**
5. What did the policy of unrestricted submarine warfare refer to?
 - **Germany's policy to sink any ship in German waters w/o warning.**
6. Analyze the most probable link between militarism & imperialism.
 - **As a country gains colonies, its military grows to protect them.**

World War II

1. What is a totalitarian state?
 - **State in which the government controls every aspect of public & private life.**
2. Describe the Great Purge.
 - **Stalin eliminated all opposition to his power in the Soviet Union**
3. What event marked the beginning of the Great Depression?
 - **Stock market crash of Oct. 29, 1929 (Black Tuesday)**

World War II



4. What effect did the nonaggression pact between the Nazis & the Soviets have on the Balance of power in Europe?
 - **It allowed the Axis Powers (Germany & Italy) to continue unchecked**
5. What crucial lesson was learned in the Battle of Britain?
 - **Germany's military advances could be blocked**
6. Why did President Truman agree to use the atomic bomb?
 - **To bring the war to the quickest possible end**

World War II



7. The German blitzkrieg was a military strategy that depended on what advantage?
 - **Surprise & overwhelming force**
8. Explain how Kristallnacht demonstrates Nazi persecution of Jews?
 - **Nazi troops attacked Jewish homes, businesses & synagogues**
9. Describe the U.S. response to Japanese aggression in Southeast Asia in mid-1941.
 - **Embargoed Japan, cutting its oil supplies**
10. How were the Holocaust & Hitler's "Final Solution" related?
 - **Holocaust was the genocide of European Jews that resulted from Hitler's plan called the "Final Solution"**

World War II



11. What was addressed by the Nuremberg Trials?
 - **The Holocaust & crimes against humanity**
12. Describe the Allied strategy of “island hopping” in the Pacific.
 - **Attacks only on islands that were not well-defended**
13. What led to the German defeat in the Battle of Stalingrad?
 - **Russian troops & the Russian winter**

Cold War



1. What did the region described as being “behind the Iron Curtain” include?
 - **Soviet Union & its satellite nations, specifically Eastern Europe**
2. Describe the purpose of the Truman Doctrine.
 - **To support countries that rejected communism**
3. What was the name of the alliance established by European Communist nations in response to NATO?
 - **Warsaw Pact**
4. What idea was the major justification for U.S. foreign policy during the Cold War era?
 - **Domino theory (countries “falling” to communism)**

Cold War



5. What was the Strategic Defense Initiative?
 - **System to protect the United States against enemy missiles**
6. Who would receive aid through the Marshall Plan?
 - **Any European country that needed it**
7. What economic system was used to reshape China's economy after the civil war?
 - **Communism**
8. Which leader won China's civil war, & what name did he give to the country?
 - **Mao Zedong; People's Republic of China**

Cold War



9. During the war in Korea, what did President Truman & Douglas MacArthur disagree strongly about?
 - **Using nuclear weapons in Korea**
 - **Invading China after N. Korea was defeated**
10. Describe the tactics used by the superpowers during the Cold War to influence Third World nations.
 - **Sponsored revolutions & counterrevolutions**
 - **Engaged in covert operations**
 - **Provided military aid & built schools**

Cold War



11. Who were most of the Vietcong?

- **Pro-Communist South Vietnamese**

12. Why did the United States shift from a policy of brinkmanship to détente?

- **The country needed to heal its internal conflicts over Vietnam**

Cold War



13. How did the Cold War cause a change in U.S. policy toward Nicaragua?

- **The United States gave aid to the Sandinistas but withdrew support when the Sandinistas aided Marxist rebels in El Salvador**

14. Describe the long term effects of the Cultural Revolution?

- **Widespread chaos that closed down factories & threatened farm production**

Cold War



15. Explain how the “Bay of Pigs” failure lead to the Cuban Missile Crisis?

- **Khrushchev believed the United states was too weak to oppose Soviet expansion into Cuba**

16. Describe the primary goal for the Soviet Union’s invasion of Afghanistan.

- **To re-establish the Communist regime in Afghanistan**

Modern Day



1. What was the dividing of India into two nations referred to as?
 - **The partition**
2. After gaining their independence, India & Pakistan fought a war over what?
 - **Kashmir**
3. Pakistan began as a divided nation. What were its eastern & western regions separated by?
 - **1,000 miles of Indian territory**

Modern Day



4. French-speaking Africans & West Indians formed a movement to celebrate African culture, heritage, & values called what?
 - **Negritude**
5. What began the 1956 Suez Crisis?
 - **Egypt seized control of the Suez Canal**

Modern Day



6. Name the extremist Islamic group what seized control of Afghanistan during the 1990's.
 - **Taliban**
7. What influenced the independence movements of colonial countries?
 - **Spread of democratic ideas**
 - **During WWII, the occasional defeat of Europeans by Japanese**
 - **The expense of maintaining & governing distant colonies**
8. What hindered the development of the Philippines after it gained independence?
 - **Economic & political dependence on the United States**

Modern Day



9. Why is a stable economy closely tied to the success of democratic government?
 - **Economic opportunity gives citizens a stake in their country's future**
10. Explain how the Soviet Union's foreign policy was changed by Mikhail Gorbachev.
 - **Arms control became one of Gorbachev's top priorities**
11. What force triggered the events that led to the collapse of the Soviet Union?
 - **Nationalism**

Modern Day



12. How were the breakups of Yugoslavia & Czechoslovakia different?
 - **Czechoslovakia's breakup was peaceful**
13. Which event began the process of opening up Chinese-American relations?
 - **Zhou Enlai invited an American table tennis team to tour China**
14. How has the use of satellites affected worldwide communications?
 - **Communications satellites helped transform the world into a "global village"**
15. What negative consequences resulted from the green revolution?
 - **Introduced dangerous pesticides & chemical fertilizers**

Modern Day



16. NATO, SEATO, & the Warsaw Pact are all examples of what?
 - **Military alliances**
17. What services does the UN provide to aid world peace?
 - **A public forum, private meeting places, skilled mediators, & soldiers**
18. Describe the impact television & mass media has had globally?
 - **It has helped to create a shared experience of current worldwide events**

Modern Day



19. What influence has the entertainment industry had on the world?
- It has helped spread American popular culture across the world
20. Identify 3 effects of non-Western ideas on the West.
- Placing a high value on meditation & contemplation
 - Manners of dress & clothing style adapted from world cultures
 - Growth of Eastern religions such as Islam & Buddhism